

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Power-Sonic Corporation  
7550 Panasonic Way, CA 92154

DATE	2006 Jan	ISSUED BY	Javad Aliabadi, Dir. of Quality Assurance	Phone	(619) 661-2020
PRODUCT NAME	Lead Acid Batteries	HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS	Lead, Sulfuric Acid		

## HAZARDOUS COMPONENT

COMPONENT	%WEIGHT	T L V	LD 50 ORAL	LD 50 INHALATION	LD 50 CONTACT
Lead(Pb, PbO <sub>2</sub> , PbSO <sub>4</sub> )	about 70%		(500) mg/kg		
Sulfuric Acid	about 20%		(2,140) mg/kg		

## PHYSICAL DATA

COMPONENT	DENSITY	MELTING POINT (Boiling)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	ODER	APPEARANCE
Lead	11.34	327.4 C	None	None	Silver-Gray Metal
Lead Sulfate	6.2	1070 C	40 mg/l (15 C)	None	White Powder
Lead Dioxide	9.4	290 C	None	None	Brown Powder
Sulfuric Acid	about 1.3	about 114 C	100%	Acidic	Clear Colorless Liquid

## FLAMMABILITY DATA

COMPONENT	FLASHPOINT	EXPLOSIVE LIMIT	COMMENTS
Lead	None	None	
Sulfuric Acid	None	None	
Hydrogen		4% - 74.2%	Sealed batteries can emit hydrogen only if over charged. (float voltage > 2.40 VPC)

## REACTIVITY DATA

COMPONENT	STABILITY	DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
Sulfuric Acid	Stable at all temperature	Sulfuric dioxide, trioxide, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen
<b>INCOMPATIBILITY</b> Reactive metals, strong bases, most organic compounds.		<b>POLYMERIZATION</b> Will not polymerize

## HEALTH HAZARD DATA

<b>LEAD</b>	The toxic effects of lead are cumulative and slow to appear. It affects the kidneys, reproductive organs and central nervous system. The symptoms of lead overexposure are anemia, vomiting, headaches, stomach pains (lead colic), dizziness, loss of appetite, muscle and joint pain. Exposure to lead from a battery most often occurs during lead reclamation operations through the breathing or ingestion of lead dust and/or fumes. <b>***This sheet must be passed to any scrap dealer or smelter when the battery is resold.</b>
<b>SULFURIC ACID</b>	Sulfuric acid is highly corrosive. Contact can cause severe burns in the skin and eyes. Ingestion of sulfuric acid will cause GI track burns. Exposure to sulfuric acid may occur if the battery case has been damaged or the vents have been tampered with. <b>***See other side for first aid information.</b>

## SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

<b>STEPS TO TAKE IN CASE OF LEAK OR SPILL</b>
If sulfuric acid is spilled from a battery, neutralize the acid with sodium bicarbonate (baking soda), sodium carbonate (soda ash), or calcium oxide (lime). Flush the area with water and it is acceptable to discard the neutralized acid in the sewage system. <b>***Do not allow unneutralized acid in to the sewage system.</b>

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CONT...

## SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES CONTINUED...

<b>WASTE DISPOSAL</b>
Neutralized acid may be discarded in the sewage system. Spent batteries must be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations. <b>*** A copy of this Material Safety Data Sheet must be supplied to any scrap dealer or secondary lead smelter.</b>

## SAFETY DATA

<b>ELECTRICAL</b>	Due to the battery's low internal resistance and high power density, high levels of short circuit current can develop across the battery terminals. Do not rest tools or cables on the battery. Use insulated tools only. Follow all installation instructions and diagrams when installing or maintaining a battery system.	
<b>CONDITION TO AVOID</b>	Prohibit smoking, sparks, flames, etc., from battery charging area. Avoid mixing acid with other chemicals.	
<b>PROTECTION</b>		
<b>EXPOSURE SITE</b>	<b>PROTECTION</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>
Skin	rubber gloves, Apron	Protective equipment must be worn if the battery is cracked or otherwise damaged. A respirator should be worn during lead reclamation operations if the TLV is exceeded.
Respiratory	Respirator (for lead)	
Eyes	Safety goggles, Face shield	

## FIRST AID

<b>SULFURIC ACID</b>	
SKIN CONTACT	Flush with water. See a physician if the contact area is large or if blister occur.
EYE CONTACT	Call a physician immediately. Flush with water until medical help arrives.
INGESTION	Call a physician immediately. If patient is conscious, flush mouth with water, have the patient drink milk or sodium bicarbonate solution. <b>***Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</b>

## REGULATORY INFORMATION

<b>UN#</b>	2796	<b>SCHEDULE:</b> II	<b>LIST:</b> II	<b>CLASS:</b> 8	<b>PACKING GROUP:</b> II
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	BATTERY FLUID, ACID				

<b>DOT REGULATION:</b>	Class 70
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	BATTERY FLUID

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPLOSION, OR ACCIDENT CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
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